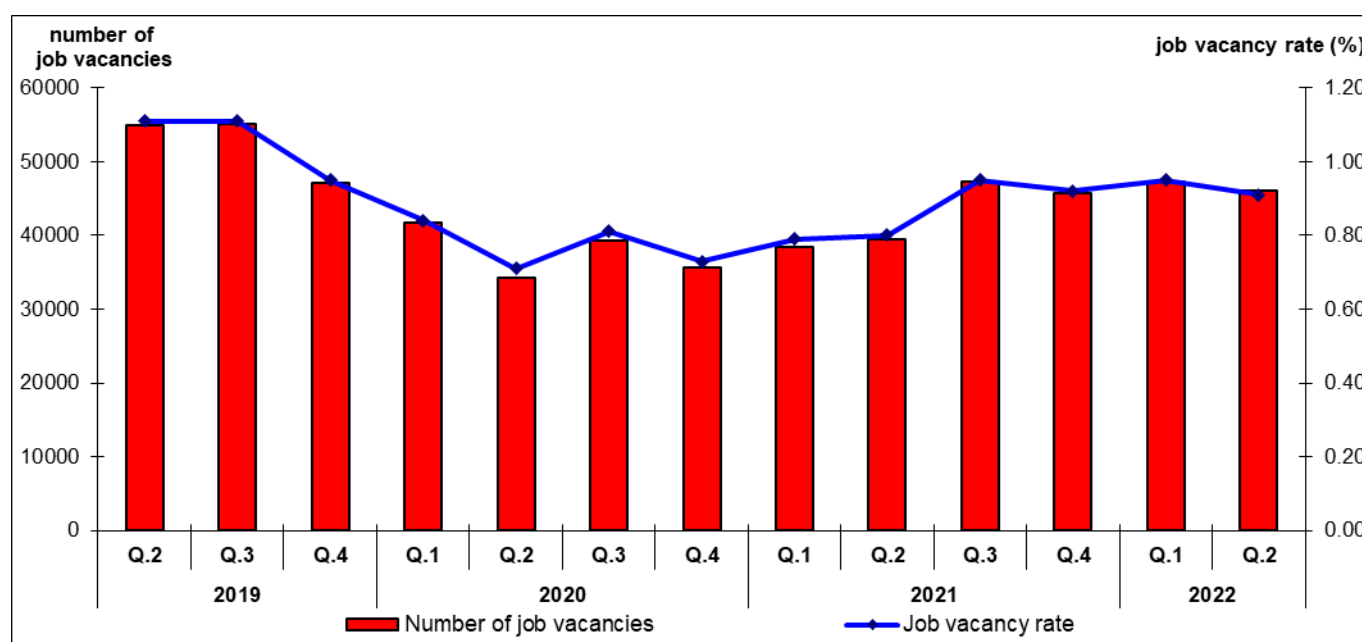


Area: Labour Market

LESS JOB VACANCIES IN THE SECOND QUARTER 2022

- In the second quarter 2022, the **number of job vacancies** was 46.0 thousand, decreasing by 1.3 thousand as against the **previous quarter**.
- The **job vacancies rate**¹ estimated for the 2nd quarter 2022 was 0.91%, decreasing by 0.04 percentage points as against the **previous quarter**.
- By comparison with the **same quarter 2021**, the **job vacancies rate** increased by 0.11 percentage points and the **number of job vacancies** increased by 6.5 thousand.

Rate and number of job vacancies
– Quarter II 2019 – Quarter II 2022 –



[Graph data \(xls\)](#)

The rate and the number of job vacancies by economic activities

In the second quarter 2022, the **highest job vacancies rates** were registered in *public administration* (1.84%), *water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities* (1.63%) and *arts, entertainment and recreation* (1.60%).

In *manufacturing* was concentrated almost one fourth of the total number of job vacancies (11.4 thousand job vacancies), having a rate value of 1.04%.

The budgetary sector² summed up about 25% of the total number of job vacancies. Thus, 5.3 thousand job vacancies were found in *human health and social work activities*, 5.0 thousand job vacancies in *public administration*, and 1.2 thousand job vacancies in *education*.

At the opposite side, the job vacancies rate registered the **lowest** values in *other service*

¹ **Job vacancies rate** represents the ratio between number of job vacancies and total number of jobs (occupied and vacant, except those blocked or meant only for promotion inside the enterprise or institution), expressed in percentages.

² See [methodological notes](#)

activities (0.24%) and in *mining and quarrying* (0.30%).

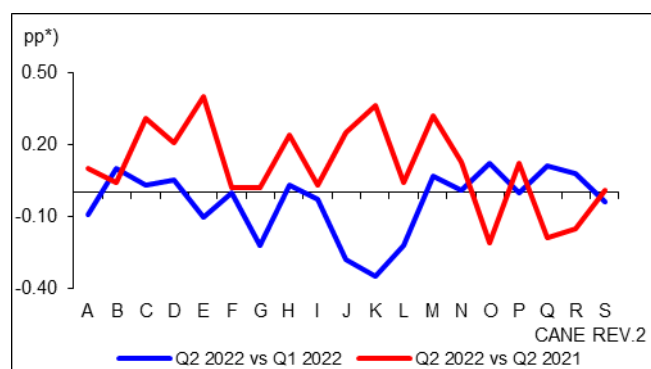
The **fewest** job vacancies were found in *real estate activities*, *other service activities*, respectively in *mining and quarrying* (0.1 thousand job each).

Quarter II 2022 compared to previous periods

As against the **previous quarter**, the job vacancies rate registered the most relevant **increases** in *public administration* (+0.12 percentage points), *human health and social work activities* (+0.11 percentage points), respectively in *mining and quarrying* (+0.10 percentage points).

As concerning the number of job vacancies, this knew the most important **increases** in *human health and social work activities* and in *manufacturing* (+0.4 thousand job vacancies each), followed by *public administration* (+0.3 thousand job vacancies).

The most significant **decreases**, for both the rate and the number of job vacancies, were found in *financial and insurance activities* (-0.35 percentage points, respectively -0.3 thousand job vacancies) and in *information and communication* (-0.28 percentage points, respectively -0.5 thousand job vacancies).



*) pp – percentage points

[Graph data \(xls\)](#)

As against **the same quarter of the previous year**, almost all economic activities knew increases for both indicators. Thus, the most relevant **increases** of the job vacancies rate were in *water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities* (+0.40 percentage points) and in *financial and insurance activities* (+0.36 percentage points).

As regarding the number of job vacancies, the most important **increase** was noticed in *manufacturing* (+3.4 thousand job vacancies).

At the opposite side, the only **decreases**, for both the rate and the number of job vacancies, were found in *public administration* (-0.21 percentage points, respectively -0.7 thousand job vacancies), *human health and social work activities* (-0.19 percentage points, respectively -0.5 thousand job vacancies), respectively in *arts, entertainment and recreation* (-0.15 percentage points, respectively -0.02 thousand job vacancies).

The rate and the number of job vacancies by major groups of occupations

In the second quarter 2022, the **highest** values were registered for the occupations related to *professionals* – major group 2, for both the rate and the number of job vacancies (1.23%, respectively 13.9 thousand job vacancies).

The **lowest** values for both indicators were registered in occupations related to *managers* – major group 1 (0.48%, respectively 1.8 thousand job vacancies) and to *skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers* – major group 6 (0.50%, respectively 0.1 thousand job vacancies).

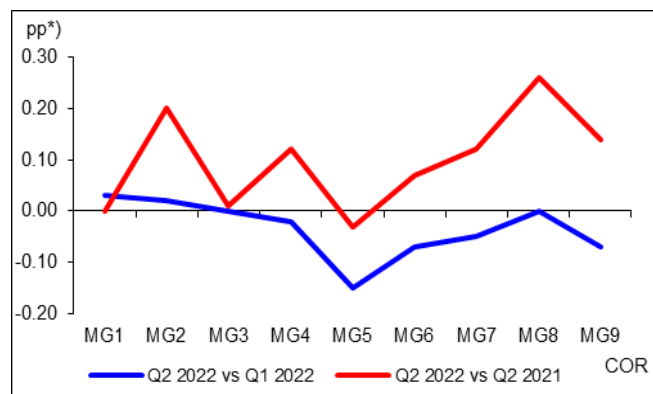
Quarter II 2022 compared to previous periods

As against **the previous quarter**, the only **increases** of the job vacancies rate were found for occupations related to *managers* – major group 1 (+0.03 percentage points), respectively *professionals* – major group 2 (+0.02 percentage points).

As concerning the number of job vacancies, the highest **increases** were for the occupations related to *professionals* – major group 2 (+0.3 thousand job vacancies), respectively *managers* – major group 1 and *plant and machine operators and assemblers* – major group 8 (+0.1 thousand job vacancies each).

At the opposite side, the job vacancies rate registered higher **decreases** in occupations related to *service and sales workers* – major group 5 (-0.15 percentage points), *skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers* – major

group 6, respectively *elementary occupations* – major group 9 (-0.07 percentage points each).



*) pp – percentage points

[Graph data \(xls\)](#)

The number of job vacancies knew more relevant **decreases** in occupations related to *service and sales workers* – major group 5 (-1.1 thousand job vacancies), followed by *elementary occupations* – major group 9 (-0.4 thousand job vacancies), and in those of *craft and related trades workers* – major group 7 (-0.3 thousand job vacancies).

As against the **same quarter of the previous year**, with the exception of occupations related to *service and sales workers* – major group 5 (-0.03 percentage points, respectively -0.02 thousand job vacancies), the two indicators registered **increases** for all major groups of occupations.

Thus, for both the rate and the number of job vacancies the most relevant **increases** were noticed for occupations related to *plant and machine operators and assemblers* – major group 8 (+0.26 percentage points, respectively +1.4 thousand job vacancies), *professionals* – major group 2 (+0.20 percentage points, respectively +2.5 thousand job vacancies), respectively for *elementary occupations* – major group 9 (+0.14 percentage points, respectively +1.1 thousand job vacancies).

Additional information

For an accurate interpretation of the indicators, please see the [Methodological notes](#) attached to the press release on the homepage.

The *job vacancies rates and the number of vacancies* are presented in the [Annex](#).

Additional information can be obtained on-line, accessing:

- TEMPO database (starting with August 24th, 2022):
<http://statistici.insse.ro:8077/tempo-online/#/pages/tables/insse-table>
- the Monthly Statistical Bulletin no. 7/2022:
<https://insse.ro/cms/en/publicatii-statistice-in-format-electronic>

The next press release on job vacancies (*quarterly data*) will be issued on November 17th, 2022.

Press release archive:

<https://insse.ro/cms/en/comunicate-de-presa-view>

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