**Domain: Industry** 

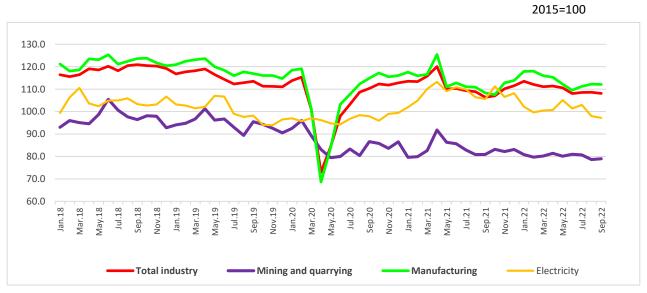
## **INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION IN SEPTEMBER 2022**

- In September 2022, industrial production increased by 12.4% as gross series compared to August 2022 and was down 0.4% as series adjusted by number of working days and seasonality.
- Compared to September 2021, industrial production rose by 0.8% as gross series and was up 1.6% as series adjusted by number of working days and seasonality.
- In the 1.I-30.IX.2022 period, industrial production decreased by 1.0 % as gross series compared to the 1.I-30.IX.2021 period and was down 1.6% as series adjusted by number of working days and seasonality.

# Monthly evolution of industrial production

- January 2018-September 2022 -

- series adjusted by number of working days and seasonality -



The data of the graph in xls format

In **September 2022**, industrial production (**the gross series**) increased by 12.4% **compared to the previous month** due to rises in manufacturing (+15.6%) and mining and quarrying (+2.5%). The electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply was down 4.0%.

Industrial production (the series adjusted by number of working days and seasonality) decreased by 0.4% compared to the previous month due to drops in the electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply (-0.7%) and manufacturing (-0.1%). Mining and quarrying rose by 0.5%.

Compared to the same month of the previous year, industrial production (the gross series) increased by 0.8% due to the rise in manufacturing (+2.3%). The electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply was down 7.9%, and mining and quarrying dropped 2.4%.

Industrial production (the series adjusted by number of working days and seasonality) was up 1.6% due to the rise reported for manufacturing (+3.5%). The electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply fell by 8.0%, and mining and quarrying dropped 2.4%.

In **the 1.I-30.IX.2022 period**, industrial production (**the gross series**) fell by 1.0% compared to the 1.I-30.IX.2021 period due to drops in the electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply (-6.7%) and mining and quarrying (-3.9%). Manufacturing was up 0.2%.

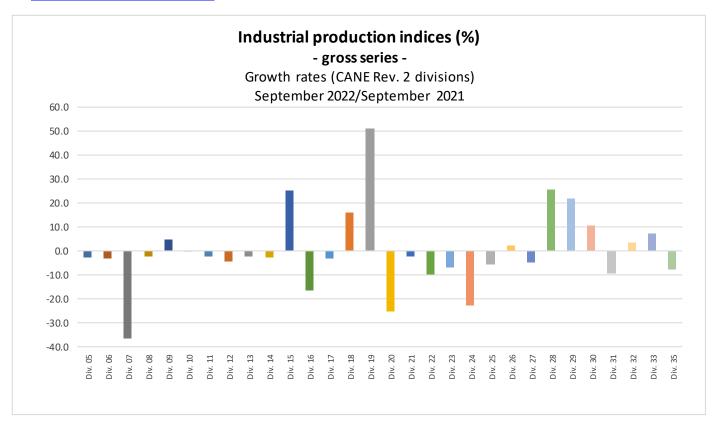
Industrial production (the series adjusted by number of working days and seasonality) decreased by 1.6% in the 1.I-30.IX.2022 period compared to the 1.I-30.IX.2021 period due to the falls reported for the three industrial sectors: the electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply (-6.6%), mining and quarrying (-3.9%) and manufacturing (-0.5%).

## Industrial Production Indices, for the total and by section of industry

- percentages -

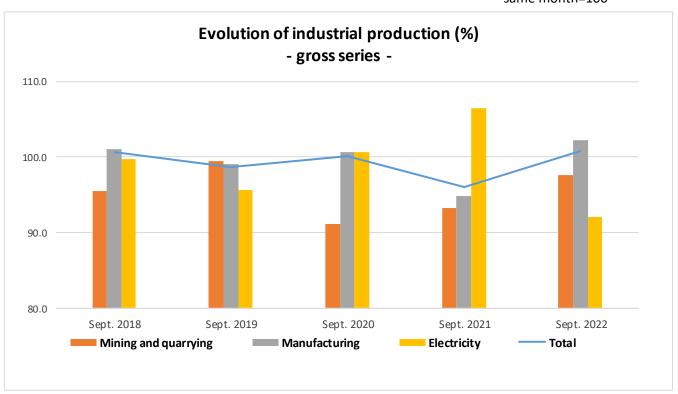
| Industrial Production Index – IPI |   | September 2022 compared to: |                | 1.I-30.IX.2022/ |
|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------------|
|                                   |   | August 2022                 | September 2021 | 1.I-30.IX.2021  |
| TOTAL                             | G | 112.4                       | 100.8          | 99.0            |
|                                   | S | 99.6                        | 101.6          | 98.4            |
| Mining and quarrying              | G | 102.5                       | 97.6           | 96.1            |
|                                   | S | 100.5                       | 97.6           | 96.1            |
| Manufacturing                     | G | 115.6                       | 102.3          | 100.2           |
|                                   | S | 99.9                        | 103.5          | 99.5            |
| Electricity                       | G | 96.0                        | 92.1           | 93.3            |
|                                   | S | 99.3                        | 92.0           | 93.4            |

G = gross series; S = series adjusted by number of working days and seasonality The data of the table in xls format



| Div. | Name of the division  | Div. | Name of the division   |
|------|---|------|--|
| 05   | Mining of coal and lignite  | 20   | Manufacture of chemicals and chemical products                               |
| 06   | Extraction of crude petroleum and natural gas   | 21   | Manufacture of basic pharmaceutical products and pharmaceutical preparations |
| 07   | Mining of metal ores  | 22   | Manufacture of rubber and plastic products                                   |
| 08   | Other mining and quarrying  | 23   | Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products                           |
| 09   | Mining support service activities   | 24   | Manufacture of basic metals  |
| 10   | Manufacture of food products  | 25   | Manufacture of fabricated metal products, except machinery and equipment     |
| 11   | Manufacture of beverages  | 26   | Manufacture of computer, electronic and optical products                     |
| 12   | Manufacture of tobacco products   | 27   | Manufacture of electrical equipment  |
| 13   | Manufacture of textiles   | 28   | Manufacture of machinery and equipment n.e.c.                                |
| 14   | Manufacture of wearing apparel  | 29   | Manufacture of motor vehicles, trailers and semi-trailers                    |
| 15   | Tanning and dressing of leather; manufacture of luggage, handbags, saddlery, harness and footwear; dressing and dyeing of furs  | 30   | Manufacture of other transport equipment                                     |
| 16   | Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except furniture; manufacture of articles of straw and plaiting materials | 31   | Manufacture of furniture   |
| 17   | Manufacture of paper and paper products   | 32   | Other manufacturing  |
| 18   | Printing and reproduction of recorded media   | 33   | Repair and installation of machinery and equipment                           |
| 19   | Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products  | 35   | Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply                          |

## - same month=100 -



#### Additional information:

- ✓ The industrial production index (IPI) is a volume index and measures the evolution of the results of industrial activities in one period compared to another.
- ✓ The industrial production indices describe the evolution of industry overall, by CANE Rev. 2 sections (mining and quarrying, manufacturing, the electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply) and divisions, as well as by main industrial groupings.
- ✓ The indices are calculated on the basis of a sample of representative products that are grouped into 718 CPSA 2015 elementary subclasses, for which quantitative data regarding the production achieved are recorded. The aggregation of the primary indices is done through a system of successive weightings; the first aggregated indices are those at the CANE Rev. 2 subclass level, and the next levels are determined as a weighted arithmetic mean of the indices of the immediately lower level.
- ✓ Beside the gross indices of industrial production, indices that are adjusted by number of working days and seasonality are also calculated on a monthly basis, through the regressive method, using the JDEMETRA+ v2.2.0 software package (the TRAMO/SEATS method).

For an accurate interpretation of the indicators, please see the <u>Methodological explanations</u> attached to the press release on the homepage.

For more information, see the TEMPO online database of the NIS (the data for September 2022 will be available as of 14 November 2022), the Industry Statistical Bulletin (date of issue 22 November 2022) and the Monthly Statistical Bulletin (date of issue 24 November 2022).

Comparative data at EU level can be obtained from the Eurostat press release which comes out on Monday, 14 November 2022, and which can be accessed at the following address: <a href="http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/main">http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/main</a>.

The next press release on industrial production indices will be issued on Wednesday, 14 December 2022.

Press release archive: <a href="http://www.insse.ro/cms/en/comunicate-de-presa-view">http://www.insse.ro/cms/en/comunicate-de-presa-view</a>

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