

SBSFATS_ESMSINW_A_RO_2014_0000

National Reference Metadata in Euro SDMX Metadata Structure

(ESMS)

Compiling agency: NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STATISTICS Time Dimension: 2014-A0 Data Provider: RO1 Data Flow: SBSFATS_ESMSINW_A

Eurostat metadata
Reference metadata
1. Contact
2. Metadata update
3. Statistical presentation
4. Unit of measure
5. Reference Period
6. Institutional Mandate
7. Confidentiality
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Related Metadata
Annexes (including footnotes)

For any question on data and metadata, please contact: EUROPEAN STATISTICAL DATA SUPPORT

1. Contact	<u>Top</u>
1.1. Contact organisation	NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STATISTICS
1.2. Contact organisation unit	Structural Business Survey Department
1.5. Contact mail address	virginia.balea@insse.ro

2. Metadata update		<u>Top</u>
2.1. Metadata last certified	18/12/2015	
2.2. Metadata last posted	24/02/2017	
2.3. Metadata last update	09/02/2016	

3. Statistical presentation

3.1. Data description

Foreign Affiliates Statistics (FATS) measure the commercial presence through affiliates in foreign markets. Inward FATS describe the overall activity of foreign affiliates resident in the compiling economy. Inward FATS deliver information on the following characteristics of foreign affiliates:

- 11110 Number of enterprises (expressed in units)
- 12110 Turnover (KNC)
- 12120 Production value (KNC)
- 12150 Value added at factor cost (KNC)
- 13110 Total purchases of goods and services (KNC)
- 13120 Purchases of goods and services purchased for resale in the same condition as received (KNC)
- 13310 Personnel costs (KNC)

- 15110 Gross investment in tangible goods (KNC)
- 16110 Number of persons employed (units)
- 16130 Number of employees on a voluntary basis or if 16110 is not available (units)
- 22110 Total intra-mural R&D expenditure (KNC)
- 22120 Total number of R&D personnel (KNC)

Until 2011 reference year we send the data in NC.

Data on R&D are collected through R&D survey.

Inward FATS data are annual. They are available from reference year 2003, but 2003-2006 data were collected on a voluntary basis. The methodology of data compilation was not harmonised. From reference year 2007 onwards, inward FATS has been collected according to the Regulation (EC) No. 716/2007 of the European Parliament and the Council on Community statistics on the structure and activity of foreign affiliates (FATS-Regulation).

The FATS Recommendations Manual (the 2012 edition) advices on the implementation of the FATS-Regulation.

3.2. Classification system

From 2008 data onwards, the NACE Rev. 2 classification is used and sections B to N are covered. Further details can be found in chapter II.1.4 of the FATS Recommendations Manual (the 2012 edition). In addition to that, the requested activity breakdown from the reference year 2010 onwards for series 1G is showed in Table II.5.

Starting from the reference year 2010 the aggregate B-N_S95_X_K will include S95 (Repair of computers and personal and household goods) in order to be coherent with the coverage of structural business statistics.

The country list of FATS controllers is an extract from the Balance of Payments Regulation and can be seen from Table II.3 of the FATS Recommendations Manual (2012 edition).

The geographical breakdown is provided according to the FATS-Regulation from the reference year 2007 onwards.

3.3. Coverage - sector

In general, the economic activity breakdown currently covers NACE Rev. 2 sections B to N and S95. Data on section K of NACE Rev. 2 (financial sector) is provided only for a limited number of variables and not included in the Total business activity (BUS) aggregates.

We provide also data for levels of activity breakdown on a voluntary basis (C303, K642, P, Q, R, S94, S96).

3.4. Statistical concepts and definitions

Inward Foreign Affiliates Statistics (Inward FATS) are describing the overall activity of foreign affiliates resident in the compiling economy.

Foreign affiliate in the framework of inward FATS shall mean an enterprise resident in the compiling country over which an institutional unit not resident in the compiling country has control.

Control shall mean the ability to determine the general policy of an enterprise by choosing appropriate directors, if necessary. Enterprise A is deemed to be controlled by an institutional unit B when B controls - directly or indirectly - more than half of the shareholders' voting power or more than half of the shares.

Foreign control shall mean that the controlling institutional unit is resident in a different country from the one where the institutional unit on which it has control is resident.

FATS data published by Eurostat are generally broken down by country of **ultimate controlling institutional unit (UCI)** of a foreign affiliate, which shall mean the institutional unit, proceeding up a foreign affiliate's chain of control, which is not controlled by another institutional unit.

The <u>the FATS Recommendations Manual (2012 edition)</u>, provides the definitions and guidelines for national compilers and ensures a data compilation in line with the <u>FATS-Regulation</u>, which builds the legal framework for collection of FATS from reference year 2007 onwards.

According to the FATS-Regulation two datasets are compiled, one is broken down by economic activity and a selection of countries considered to be most relevant places of residence of UCIs. The countries are all EU Member States and Australia, Canada, Switzerland, China, Hong Kong, Israel, Iceland, Japan, Liechtenstein, Norway, New Zealand, Russian Federation, Turkey, the United States and an aggregated figure for the Offshore Financial Centres. The other dataset is broken down by all countries of the world, but is not further broken down by economic activity (total sum for the non-financial business economy).

Ten characteristics as defined in the <u>Annex to Commission Regulation (EC) No 2700/98 of 17 December 1998</u> (the definitions are also explained in Chapter I.3 of the <u>the FATS Recommendations Manual (2012 edition)</u>. concerning the definitions of characteristics for Structural Business Statistics (SBS) are collected:

11110 Number of enterprises (i.e. number of foreign controlled enterprises resident in the compiling economy);

• **12110 Turnover** (market sales of goods and services supplied to third parties, including non-deductible taxes, duties and charges, rebates and discounts);

• **12120 Production value** (amount actually produced, based on sales, including changes in stocks and resale of goods and services);

• 12150 Value added at factor cost (gross income from operating activities after adjusting for operating subsidies and indirect taxes);

• **13110 Total purchases of goods and services** (value of all goods and services purchased during the accounting period for resale or consumption in the production process, excl. capital goods);

• 13120 Purchases of goods and services purchased for resale in the same condition as received (purchases of goods for resale to third parties without further processing, output from service activities, rights to use predetermined services or physical supports for services);

• **13310 Personnel costs** (total remuneration payable incl. taxes and social contributions paid by the employer and the employee);

• 15110 Gross investment in tangible goods (investment in existing or new tangible capital goods incl. land);

• **16110 Number of persons employed** (average yearly headcount of persons employed and paid by the observation unit incl. unpaid family workers and persons absent for a short time);

• **16130 Number of employees** on a voluntary basis or if 16110 is not available (average yearly headcount of persons having a contract of employment with the observation unit and receiving compensation);

- 22110 Total intra-mural R&D expenditure
- 22120 Total number of R&D personnel

Deviations from the FATS Regulation and FATS Recommendations Manual

Are there any deviations from the FATS Regulation and FATS Recommendations Manual regarding (ye	es/no).	Ī
a) the definitions of statistical units, for example if branches are not covered?	no	
b) the definition of the target population, for example problems with provision of nationally controled	110	
enterprises (A2) ?	no	
c) the UCI approach, for example if indirect control is not taken into account?	no	
d) the concept of residency, for example if the concept of nationality is used instead?	no	
e) the definitions of characteristics ?	no	
f) the allocation of 100 % of the values to one country even if it does not exercise full ownership?	no	
g) the definition of activities in series 1G, for example if part of the activity is not covered?	yes	
h) aggregate BUS (series 1G2)?	no	
i) the definition of partners, e.g. if Monaco is not included in France?	no	
Please describe all deviations from the FATS Regulation and/or FATS Recommendations Manual if you any of questions above a) to i).	u replied "yes" to	
There are missing some activities under section K because they are not covered in the SBS, therefore the ser only partially section K.	ies 1G contains	
Please give a detailed description of the coverage of Special Purpose Entities (SPE).		
Please give a brief description of the treatment of equally shared control. This case is fairly rare		
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Please give a brief description of the treatment of equally shared control. This case is fairly rare		
Please give a brief description of the treatment of equally shared control. This case is fairly rare Please give a brief description of the treatment of multiple minority ownership.		
Please give a brief description of the treatment of equally shared control. This case is fairly rare Please give a brief description of the treatment of multiple minority ownership. Please give a brief description of the treatment of natural persons as owners.		
Please give a brief description of the treatment of equally shared control. This case is fairly rare Please give a brief description of the treatment of multiple minority ownership. Please give a brief description of the treatment of natural persons as owners. Natural persons were not covered in 2011		of the statistical
Please give a brief description of the treatment of equally shared control. This case is fairly rare Please give a brief description of the treatment of multiple minority ownership. Please give a brief description of the treatment of natural persons as owners. Natural persons were not covered in 2011 .5. Statistical unit The statistics refer to enterprises and branches under foreign control. More information or		of the statistical
Please give a brief description of the treatment of equally shared control. This case is fairly rare Please give a brief description of the treatment of multiple minority ownership. Please give a brief description of the treatment of natural persons as owners. Natural persons were not covered in 2011 .5. Statistical unit The statistics refer to enterprises and branches under foreign control. More information or an be found in under I.1.1.4 and I.2.1.1. of the FATS Recommendations Manual (2012 e)	<u>dition).</u>	
Please give a brief description of the treatment of equally shared control. This case is fairly rare Please give a brief description of the treatment of multiple minority ownership. Please give a brief description of the treatment of natural persons as owners. Natural persons were not covered in 2011 .5. Statistical unit The statistics refer to enterprises and branches under foreign control. More information or an be found in under I.1.1.4 and I.2.1.1. of the FATS Recommendations Manual (2012 e) .6. Statistical population	<u>dition).</u>	
Please give a brief description of the treatment of equally shared control. This case is fairly rare Please give a brief description of the treatment of multiple minority ownership. Please give a brief description of the treatment of natural persons as owners. Natural persons were not covered in 2011 .5. Statistical unit The statistics refer to enterprises and branches under foreign control. More information or an be found in under I.1.1.4 and I.2.1.1. of the FATS Recommendations Manual (2012 et al. and the statistical population) The statistical population is all enterprises and branches under foreign control, in the data	<u>dition).</u>	
Please give a brief description of the treatment of equally shared control. This case is fairly rare Please give a brief description of the treatment of multiple minority ownership. Please give a brief description of the treatment of natural persons as owners. Natural persons were not covered in 2011 .5. Statistical unit The statistics refer to enterprises and branches under foreign control. More information or an be found in under I.1.1.4 and I.2.1.1. of the FATS Recommendations Manual (2012 e) .6. Statistical population The statistical population is all enterprises and branches under foreign control, in the data .7. Reference area	<u>dition).</u>	

Data are available from 2003 th

3.9. Base period Not applicable

4. Unit of measure

Monetary data are expressed in KNC.

Employment variables and number of enterprises are expressed in UNITS.

5. Reference Period

The fiscal year is the same with the calendar year and also with reference year of survey.

6. Institutional Mandate

6.1. Institutional Mandate - legal acts and other agreements

Until 2006 reference year, data were collected under a gentlemen's agreement within the context of the development of Structural Business Statistics (SBS, Council Regulation No 58/97 concerning structural business statistics as amended by European Parliament and Council Regulation No 2056/2002).

The definitions of the characteristics for which Inward FATS are collected are included in Commission Regulation No 2700/98 as amended by Commission Regulation No 1670/2003.

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From reference year 2007 onwards, data are collected according to the <u>FATS-Regulation</u> which provides a legal basis for the data collection and according to the Order of the President of NIS no. 217/2009. The data are covered by the rules on confidential data in force in the EU.

6.2. Institutional Mandate - data sharing

According with our national rules of confidentiality the variables 11110, 12110, 16110, 16130 are non-confidential variables. Eurostat makes available all non-confidential data on its dissemination website.

7. Confidentiality

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7.1. Confidentiality - policy

<u>Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 on European statistics</u> (recital 24 and Article 20(4)) of 11 March 2009 (OJ L 87, p. 164), stipulates the need to establish common principles and guidelines ensuring the confidentiality of data used for the production of European statistics and the access to those confidential data with due account for technical developments and the requirements of users in a democratic society.

Romanian NIS uses two steps to identify confidential cells at national level:

Primary confidentially is decided following the rules

1) the number of enterprises as threshold (less than 4 enterprises)

2) one or two enterprises dominates; more than 80% of the total turnover in one aggregation level.

The treatment of secondary confidentiality is done manually in order to undisclose the primary confidential cells.

The variables 11110, 12110, 16110, 16130 are non-confidential variables.

7.2. Confidentiality - data treatment

The following confidentiality treatment was applied by the Member State (to be pre-filled by	Eurostat):
only primary confidentiality	
primary and secondary confidentiality	Х
The rate of confidential cells is (to be pre-filled by Eurostat):	%

 Σ number of confidential cells / Σ number of cells provided $\ x100$

The rate of confidential cells (formula 2) is: Σ number of confidential cells / Σ number of non-zero cells provided x100

Please provide any comments on the amount of data affected by confidentiality.

8. Release policy	Top
8.1. Release calendar	
Not available.	
8.2. Release calendar access	
Not available.	
8.3. Release policy - user access	
Not available	

9. Frequency of dissemination

Annual

10. Accessibility and clarity

10.1. Dissemination format - News	release						
Dissemination at national level: are news	release published?						
Reference year	News	elease	ł				
2014	no	(ye	s/no)				
2015							
For 2015, please report any scheduled	action plan, specify date.	ing the	implementation				
10.2. Dissemination format - Public	ations						
Dissemination at national level: publicatio	ns						
Reference year	Stat	istical	yearbook	Ther	natic p	ublications	
2014		no					

				yes (yes/1	no)
2	015		August 20	17	
For 20	015, please report any sc	heduled action plan, sp	ecifying the implementa	tion date.	
10.3. Dissemination format - on	line database				
Dissemination at national level: Electr	onic publications				
Reference year	Internet o	latabase		′ D-Rom e-mail, etc.)	
2014	no	(yes/no)	no	(yes/no)	
2015					
For 2015, ple	ase report any scheduled	d action plan, specifying	the implementation dat	е.	
Please indicate links to your electroni	c publications on inwa	rd FATS.			
http://www.insse.ro/cms/sites/default/file	s/field/publicatii/activitate	a_filialelor_straine_in_a	nul_2014.pdf		
10.4. Dissemination format - mi	crodata access				
Not available					
10.5. Dissemination format - other	ner				
Release of new data is usually no	t accompanied by a	press release.			
Additional information may be for	und in the Eurostat's	s Statistics Explain	ed website: http://e	c.europa.eu/eurost	tat/statistics-
explained/index.php/Foreign_affi	liates_statisticsF	ATS			
10.6. Documentation on method	lology				
Available metadata					
Are statistical metadata available?					
X for paper publications					
X on the website (electronic versio	n)				
no methodological explanations	on data are disseminated	ł			
If metadata are published electronica	ally, please indicate the	links.			
http://colectaredate.insse.ro/meta	adata/public.htm?loo	cale=en			
10.7. Quality management - doc	cumentation				
Not available					

11. Quality management

11.1. Quality assurance

As from data for reference year 2007 Member States have been providing Eurostat with regular (annual) quality reports covering most of the categories of the <u>ESS Standard for Quality Reports</u>.

11.2. Quality management - assessment

The quality of the data is measured by the coefficient of variation, which values are equal to zero. Moreover the standards concepts are applied according to the national and EU approach.

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12. Relevance

12.1. Relevance - User Needs

Users of inward FATS are: European Commission services, international organisations, ministries, chambers of commerce, trade unions, journalists, researchers etc. User needs go beyond what data compilers can provide.

12.2. Relevance - User Satisfaction

There was not carried users' satisfaction survey and no indicators are available

12.3. Completeness

Data availability (in percentage) see the a		1	1
Level of detail	Formula	Calculation	Result (%)
a) series 1G: characteristics based on foreign-controlled enterprises (Z9), business economy (BUS)	Σ delivered characteristics / Σ requested characteristics x100		
b) series 1G: activities based on foreign-controlled enterprises (Z9), number of enterprises (11110)	Σ delivered activities $/\Sigma$ requested activities x100		
c) series 1G: partners based on business economy (BUS), number of enterprises (11110)	Σ delivered partners $/\Sigma$ requested partners x100		
d) series 1G2: partners based on business economy (BUS), number of enterprises (11110)	Σ delivered partners / Σ requested partners x100		
e) series 1G: overall rate	Σ nb. of cells provided $/\Sigma$ nb. of fields applicable x100		

f) series 1G2: overall rate	Σ nb. of cells provided $/\Sigma$ nb. of fields applicable x100 $$			
The following details are missing (see the	ne annex):	-		
a) characteristics				
b) activity breakdown in series 1G				
c) geographical breakdown in series 1G				
d) geographical breakdown in series 1G2				
The following employment variable was	provided:			
number of persons employed (16110)			Х	
number of employees (16130)			Х	
Please comment on the rates of availab characteristics or breakdowns required your plans for improvement in the futur K66 it is no covered by SBS regulation req	by the FATS Regulation are not e.	t available (e.g. derogat		

3.1. Accuracy - overall			
Jse of residual geographical codes			
Share of the codes (to be pre-filled by Euros	tat):		
Rate	Formula	Calculation	Result
a) extra-EU not allocated (Z8) in A1 (all enterprises) based on the aggregate BUS and variable turnover (12110)	ΣZ8/ΣA1 (BUS,12110)x100		
b) extra-EU not allocated (Z8) in A1 (all enterprises) based on the aggregate BUS and variable number of persons employed (16110) - or number of employees (16130) if it is delivered instead	ΣΖ8/ΣΑ1 (BUS,16110)x100		
c) equally shared control of UCIs of more than one Member State (Z7) in A1 (all enterprises) based on the aggregate BUS and variable turnover (12110)	∑Z7/∑A1 (BUS,12110)x100		
d) equally shared control of UCIs of more than one Member State (Z7) in A1 (all enterprises) based on the aggregate BUS and variable number of persons employed (16110) - or number of employees (16130) if it is delivered instead	∑Z7/∑A1 (BUS,16110)x100		
Please comment if rate a) or b) is ≠ 0%, if it v known and if the aggregate also covers case			intry of the UCI was not
	es other than ["] extra-EU not allocated es for which you could not attribute f	".	-
known and if the aggregate also covers case Please comment if you also used Z7 for case control of UCIs of more than one Member St Deviations from inward FATS quality checks	es other than [*] "extra-EU not allocated es for which you could not attribute t ate).	". he country of the UCI (other than	cases of equally shared
known and if the aggregate also covers case Please comment if you also used Z7 for case control of UCIs of more than one Member St Deviations from inward FATS quality checks For 2011 Inward FATS data were validated with concerning the errors/warnings and for each ca data have been validated and published.	es other than [*] extra-EU not allocated es for which you could not attribute t ate). • the EDIT tool provided by Eurostat, all se based on the explanation provided b	". he country of the UCI (other than the output reports generated by the	e IT tool have been explained
known and if the aggregate also covers case Please comment if you also used Z7 for case control of UCIs of more than one Member St Deviations from inward FATS quality checks For 2011 Inward FATS data were validated with concerning the errors/warnings and for each ca data have been validated and published. Is the UCI approach applied to identify the re	es other than [*] extra-EU not allocated es for which you could not attribute t ate). • the EDIT tool provided by Eurostat, all se based on the explanation provided b	". he country of the UCI (other than the output reports generated by the	e IT tool have been explained
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known and if the aggregate also covers case Please comment if you also used Z7 for case control of UCIs of more than one Member St Deviations from inward FATS quality checks For 2011 Inward FATS data were validated with concerning the errors/warnings and for each cad data have been validated and published. Is the UCI approach applied to identify the row X yes the UBO (Ultimate Beneficial Owne) the first foreign owner is used as a if any other concept is applied, plead	es other than [*] extra-EU not allocated es for which you could not attribute t ate). In the EDIT tool provided by Eurostat, all se based on the explanation provided by elevant statistical units? r) concept is used as a proxy proxy se describe it briefly:	". he country of the UCI (other than the output reports generated by the y NIS the errors/warnings message	e IT tool have been explained have been deleted and the

х	yes			
	no			
or com	l pilation of inward FATS, do you take into account the o	demography of the statistical units. for	example births, deaths, mergers and	
	ons (M&A)?			
х	yes			
	no			
	pilation of inward FATS, do you monitor the (major) en) or publicly available sources (e.g. mass media or an		either administrative (e.g. VAT	
Х	yes			
	no			
extractio			·	
	escribe any other method used to improve the accurate ease describe your plans for improvement in the future		d above. If the UCI approach is not	
Please es	stimate the share of value of each characteristics that	could be identified correctly (no proxy	needed) in %	
	11110 (number of enterprises)	12120 (turnover)	16110 (number of persons employed) or number of employees (16130) if it is delivered instead.	
	100 %	100 %	100 %	
Did the U	ICIs which could not be identified belong mainly to big	g or to small and medium-sized enterpr	ises?	
3 2 Sar	npling error			
	pile inward FATS data based on SBS surveys r	esults administrative sources and	R&D survey. There are no sampli	
	ATS enterprises are covered by administrative		r ReD survey. There are no samplin	
	n-sampling error			
	ification errors			
	nt data sources/surveys were combined (e.g. SBS for t	the economic characteristics and FDI fo	or the country of the	
	you detect mismatches of identifiers?			
	yes			
X	no			
	escribe the main misclassification problems encounte ifications.	red in collecting the data and the meth	ods used to process	
4	1 • 1 • • • • •			
4. Ti	meliness and punctuality			

L V		=
14.1. Timeliness		
Please provide the key dates for the following action:		
Action	Deadline(s)//	1
a) Data-collection, if any		1
b) Post-collection phase	January - August 2016	
c) Dissemination in your country, if applicable		I
14.2. Punctuality		
The punctuality for your country is (to be pre-filled by Eurostat) :		7
		_
Please comment on the punctuality of transmission to Eurostat if you sent the dat e.g. the reasons for late delivery and the action taken or planned to improve punc		

15. Coherence and comparability Top 15.1. Comparability - geographical Image: Comparability - geographical Not available Image: Comparability - over time Ister comparability - over time Please confirm the length of time series (from the period when the statistics were compiled for the first time to the latest reference year available at Eurostat) pre-filled by Eurostat and the length of comparable time series (from the latest reference year available at Eurostat).

Indicator	Period (yyyy – yyyy)	
a) Length of time series	2003-2014	
b) Length of comparable time series	2006-2014	
If a) is not equal to b), please indicate the reasons and any differences in breaks in time series.	concepts and measurement methods for	
UCI approach stated to be used since 2006; for 2006-2008; 2011 data regardin included.	ng the affiliates of natural persons were not	
5.3. Coherence - cross domain		
Inward FATS and SBS		
Eurostat quality checks found the following inconsistencies between inw 4A:	ard FATS (A1) and SBS series 1A, 2A, 3B and	
Please comment on these inconsistencies and any consistency problems confidential cells.	s between inward FATS and SBS, including the	
Inward FATS and inward FDI Do you harmonise the activity code with inward FDI?]
X yes		-
no		
Inward FATS R&D characteristics and R&D statistics Please comment on any consistency problems between inward FATS R& uneven years and if R&D variables are to be provided).	D characteristics and R&D statistics (only for]
Data on R&D are collected through R&D survey.		
Inward FATS and data provided to the OECD and/or other international or	ranisations	
Do you provide inward FATS data to any other international organisation	-	Ţ
OECD	(
to the following other international organisation:		-
X only to Eurostat		1
Please describe any differences in the level of detail of the data provided organisation mentioned.	to the OECD or any other international	
		<u>]</u>
5.4. Coherence - internal		
Not available		

16. Cost and Burden

Not available

1 f4-4:-			
1 f			
1 C			
le of Practic European S conomic In	dicators, as well	as with	
APE calculation	on, taking into acco	unt data for	
2011	2012	2013	
	European St Ceonomic Ind y on Europe APE calculatio	European Statistical System conomic Indicators, as well y on European statistics revis APE calculation, taking into acco	European Statistical System Conomic Indicators, as well as with y on European statistics revision. APE calculation, taking into account data for

18. Statistical processing

18.1. Source data

Which of the following approaches best describes the methodology adopted to produ						
and answer yellow cells where relevant)	uce inward FATS da	ata? (please tick ("X") in the	e left column			
census survey, particularly for inward FATS						
sample survey, particularly for inward FATS	e survey, particularly for inward FATS					
X linking of the following sources to geogr obtain :	aphical breakdown	economic infor	mation			
Structural Business Statistics (SBS)		Х				
Foreign Direct Investment (FDI)						
Business Register	x					
the following other statistical register: EGR	x					
the following administrative sources: Annual Financial Statements		Х				
publicly available sources (e.g. mass media or annual reports)	x	x				
the following private databases:						
direct contacts (e.g. telephone or e-mail)						
X other approaches (please describe briefly): Financial links survey	1					
conomic variables available from SBS are added. In case of non-available inancial Statements). No cut-off threshold is used.			- (
8.2. Frequency of data collection						
Annual						
8.3. Data collection						
lot available						
8.4. Data validation						
lot available						
8.5. Data compilation						
Economic information (characteristics and activity breakdown)						
Was it necessary to estimate characteristics or activities because the information was	s not available from	the sources used?				
yes						
X no						
f yes, how did you complete the information (e.g. which data sources were used)?						
Please estimate the share of value of each characteristics drawing on the following se		(number of persons employe	d) or number -f			
11110 (number of enterprises) 12120 (turnover)	en	ployees (16130) if it is delive	red instead.			
SBS: 100 %		100 %				
Other sources: 100 %						
Estimates:						
8.6. Adjustment						
s not the case						
9. Comment			Top			

No comment

Related metadata

Annexes

Quality Indicators calculated by Eurostat based on IFATS data transmitted for reference year 2014

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