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SBSFATS_ESMSINW_A_RO_2013_0000

National Reference Metadata in Euro SDMX Metadata Structure (ESMS)

Compiling agency: NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STATISTICS

Time Dimension: 2013-A0 Data Provider: RO1

Data Flow: SBSFATS_ESMSINW_A:1.0



Eurostat metadata

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For any question on data and metadata, please contact: EUROPEAN STATISTICAL DATA SUPPORT

1. Contact		Тор
1.1. Contact organisation	NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STATISTICS	
1.2. Contact organisation unit	Structural Business Survey Department	
1.5. Contact mail address	virginia.balea@insse.ro	

2. Metadata update		Тор
2.1. Metadata last certified	18/12/2015	
2.2. Metadata last posted	09/02/2016	
2.3. Metadata last update	09/02/2016	

3. Statistical presentation

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3.1. Data description

Foreign Affiliates Statistics (FATS) measure the commercial presence through affiliates in foreign markets. Inward FATS describe the overall activity of foreign affiliates resident in the compiling economy.

Inward FATS deliver information on the following characteristics of foreign affiliates:

- 11110 Number of enterprises (expressed in units)
- 12110 Turnover (KNC)
- 12120 Production value (KNC)

- 12150 Value added at factor cost (KNC)
- 13110 Total purchases of goods and services (KNC)
- 13120 Purchases of goods and services purchased for resale in the same condition as received (KNC)
- 13310 Personnel costs (KNC)
- 15110 Gross investment in tangible goods (KNC)
- 16110 Number of persons employed (units)
- 16130 Number of employees on a voluntary basis or if 16110 is not available (units)
- 22110 Total intra-mural R&D expenditure (KNC)
- 22120 Total number of R&D personnel (KNC)

Until 2011 reference year we send the data in NC.

Data on R&D are collected through R&D survey.

Inward FATS data are annual. They are available from reference year 2003, but 2003-2006 data were collected on a voluntary basis. The methodology of data compilation was not harmonised. From reference year 2007 onwards, inward FATS has been collected according to the Regulation (EC) No. 716/2007 of the European Parliament and the Council on Community statistics on the structure and activity of foreign affiliates (FATS-Regulation).

The FATS Recommendations Manual (the 2012 edition) advices on the implementation of the FATS-Regulation.

3.2. Classification system

From 2008 data onwards, the NACE Rev. 2 classification is used and sections B to N are covered. Further details can be found in chapter II.1.4 of <a href="https://doi.org/10.103/journal.org/10.103/journa

Starting from the reference year 2010 the aggregate B-N_S95_X_K will include S95 (Repair of computers and personal and household goods) in order to be coherent with the coverage of structural business statistics.

The country list of FATS controllers is an extract from the Balance of Payments Regulation and can be seen from Table II.3 of the FATS Recommendations Manual (2012 edition).

The geographical breakdown is provided according to the FATS-Regulation from the reference year 2007 onwards.

3.3. Coverage - sector

In general, the economic activity breakdown currently covers NACE Rev. 2 sections B to N and S95. Data on section K of NACE Rev. 2 (financial sector) is provided only for a limited number of variables and not included in the Total business activity (BUS) aggregates.

We provide also data for levels of activity breakdown on a voluntary basis (C303, K642, P, Q, R, S94, S96).

3.4. Statistical concepts and definitions

Inward Foreign Affiliates Statistics (Inward FATS) are describing the overall activity of foreign affiliates resident in the compiling economy.

Foreign affiliate in the framework of inward FATS shall mean an enterprise resident in the compiling country over which an institutional unit not resident in the compiling country has control.

Control shall mean the ability to determine the general policy of an enterprise by choosing appropriate directors, if necessary. Enterprise A is deemed to be controlled by an institutional unit B when B controls - directly or indirectly - more than half of the shareholders' voting power or more than half of the shares.

Foreign control shall mean that the controlling institutional unit is resident in a different country from the one where the institutional unit on which it has control is resident.

FATS data published by Eurostat are generally broken down by country of **ultimate controlling institutional unit (UCI)** of a foreign affiliate, which shall mean the institutional unit, proceeding up a foreign affiliate's chain of control, which is not controlled by another institutional unit.

The the FATS Recommendations Manual (2012 edition). provides the definitions and guidelines for national compilers and ensures a data compilation in line with the FATS-Regulation, which builds the legal framework for collection of FATS from reference year 2007 onwards.

According to the FATS-Regulation two datasets are compiled, one is broken down by economic activity and a selection of countries considered to be most relevant places of residence of UCIs. The countries are all EU Member States and Australia, Canada, Switzerland, China, Hong Kong, Israel, Iceland, Japan, Liechtenstein, Norway, New Zealand, Russian Federation, Turkey, the United States and an aggregated figure for the Offshore Financial Centres. The other dataset is broken down by all countries of the world, but is not further broken down by economic activity (total sum for the non-financial business economy).

Ten characteristics as defined in the <u>Annex to Commission Regulation (EC) No 2700/98 of 17 December 1998</u> (the definitions are also explained in Chapter I.3 of the <u>the FATS Recommendations Manual (2012 edition)</u>, concerning the definitions of characteristics for Structural Business Statistics (SBS) are collected:

- 11110 Number of enterprises (i.e. number of foreign controlled enterprises resident in the compiling economy);
- 12110 Turnover (market sales of goods and services supplied to third parties, including non-deductible taxes, duties and charges, rebates and discounts);
- 12120 Production value (amount actually produced, based on sales, including changes in stocks and resale of goods and services);
- 12150 Value added at factor cost (gross income from operating activities after adjusting for operating subsidies and indirect taxes);

- 13110 Total purchases of goods and services (value of all goods and services purchased during the accounting period for resale or consumption in the production process, excl. capital goods);
- 13120 Purchases of goods and services purchased for resale in the same condition as received (purchases of goods for resale to third parties without further processing, output from service activities, rights to use predetermined services or physical supports for services);
- 13310 Personnel costs (total remuneration payable incl. taxes and social contributions paid by the employer and the employee);
- 15110 Gross investment in tangible goods (investment in existing or new tangible capital goods incl. land);
- 16110 Number of persons employed (average yearly headcount of persons employed and paid by the observation unit incl. unpaid family workers and persons absent for a short time);
- 16130 Number of employees on a voluntary basis or if 16110 is not available (average yearly headcount of persons having a contract of employment with the observation unit and receiving compensation);
- 22110 Total intra-mural R&D expenditure
- 22120 Total number of R&D personnel

Deviations from the FATS Regulation and FATS Recommendations Manual

Are there any deviations from the FATS Regulation and FATS Recommendations Manual regarding (ye	s/no):
a) the definitions of statistical units, for example if branches are not covered?	no
b) the definition of the target population, for example problems with provision of nationally controled enterprises (A2) ?	no
c) the UCI approach, for example if indirect control is not taken into account?	no
d) the concept of residency, for example if the concept of nationality is used instead?	no
e) the definitions of characteristics ?	no
f) the allocation of 100 % of the values to one country even if it does not exercise full ownership?	no
g) the definition of activities in series 1G, for example if part of the activity is not covered?	yes
h) aggregate BUS (series 1G2)?	no
i) the definition of partners, e.g. if Monaco is not included in France?	no
Please describe all deviations from the FATS Regulation and/or FATS Recommendations Manual if you any of questions above a) to i).	u replied "yes" to
There are missing some activities under section K because they are not covered in the SBS, therefore the se	ries 1G contains

only partially section K

Please give a detailed description of the coverage of Special Purpose Entities (SPE).

Please give a brief description of the treatment of equally shared control.

This case is fairly rarely

Please give a brief description of the treatment of multiple minority ownership.

Please give a brief description of the treatment of natural persons as owners.

Natural persons were not covered in 2011

3.5. Statistical unit

The statistics refer to enterprises and branches under foreign control. More information on the definition of the statistical unit can be found in under I.1.1.4 and I.2.1.1. of the FATS Recommendations Manual (2012 edition).

3.6. Statistical population

The statistical population is all enterprises and branches under foreign control, in the data compiling economy.

3.7. Reference area

Romania

3.8. Coverage - Time

Data are available from 2003 till 2013.

3.9. Base period

Not applicable

4. Unit of measure

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Monetary data are expressed in KNC.

Employment variables and number of enterprises are expressed in UNITS.

5. Reference Period

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The fiscal year is the same with the calendar year and also with reference year of survey.

6. Institutional Mandate

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6.1. Institutional Mandate - legal acts and other agreements

Until 2006 reference year, data were collected under a gentlemen's agreement within the context of the development of Structural Business Statistics (SBS, Council Regulation No 58/97 concerning structural business statistics as amended by European Parliament and Council Regulation No 2056/2002).

The definitions of the characteristics for which Inward FATS are collected are included in Commission Regulation No 2700/98 as amended by Commission Regulation No 1670/2003.

From reference year 2007 onwards, data are collected according to the <u>FATS-Regulation</u> which provides a legal basis for the data collection and according to the Order of the President of NIS no. 217/2009.

The data are covered by the rules on confidential data in force in the EU.

6.2. Institutional Mandate - data sharing

According with our national rules of confidentiality the variables 11110, 12110, 16110, 16130 are non-confidential cells. Eurostat makes available all non-confidential data on its dissemination website.

7. Confidentiality

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7.1. Confidentiality - policy

Regulation (EC) No 223/2009 on European statistics (recital 24 and Article 20(4)) of 11 March 2009 (OJ L 87, p. 164), stipulates the need to establish common principles and guidelines ensuring the confidentiality of data used for the production of European statistics and the access to those confidential data with due account for technical developments and the requirements of users in a democratic society.

Romanian NIS uses two steps to identify confidential cells at national level:

Primary confidentially is decided following the rules

- 1) the number of enterprises as threshold (less than 4 enterprises)
- 2) one or two enterprises dominates; more than 80% of the total turnover in one aggregation level.

The treatment of secondary confidentiality is done manually in order to undisclose the primary confidential cells.

The variables 11110, 12110, 16110, 16130 are non-confidential cells.

7.2. Confidentiality - data treatment

The following confidentiality treatment was applied by the Member State (to be pre-fil	led by Eurostath:
only primary confidentiality	
primary and secondary confidentiality	X

The rate of confidential cells is (to be pre-filled by Eurostat):	%
Σ number of confidential cells / Σ number of cells provided x100	
The rate of confidential cells (formula 2) is:	
Σ number of confidential cells /Σ number of non-zero cells provided x100	
Please provide any comments on the amount of data affected by confidentiality.	

8. Release policy	Top
8.1. Release calendar	
Not available.	
8.2. Release calendar access	
Not available.	
8.3 Release policy - user access	

9. Frequency of dissemination	Тор
Annual	

10. Dissemination format

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Not available

10.1. Dissemination format - News release

ination at national level: are news rel Reference year	News re	
2013	no	
r 2014, please report any scheduled ac		(yes/no)

10.2. Dissemination format - Publications

Reference year	Statistical yearbook		
2013	, our book	Thematic p	ublications
		yes	(yes/no)
2014			() -5/110)

10.3. Dissemination format - online database

Reference year		
your your	Internet database	CD/DVD-Rom
2013	no (vac/na)	Other (fax, e-mail, etc.)
2014	no (yes/no)	no (yes/no)
For 2014, please rep se indicate links to your electronic public	ort any scheduled action plan, spec	

http://www.insse.ro/cms/files/publicatii/publicatii%20statistice%20operative/activitatea%20filialelor%20straine%202013.pdf

10.4. Dissemination format - microdata access

Not available

10.5. Dissemination format - other

Release of new data is usually not accompanied by a press release.

Additional information may be found in the Eurostat's Statistics Explained website: http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/statistics-

11. Accessibility of documentation

11.1. Documentation on methodology

Available metadata

Are statistical metadata available? for paper publications on the website (electronic version) no methodological explanations on data are disseminated

If metadata are published electronically, please indicate the links.

http://colectaredate.insse.ro/metadata/public.htm?locale=en

11.2. Quality management - documentation

Not available

12. Quality management

12.1. Quality assurance

As from data for reference year 2007 Member States have been providing Eurostat with regular (annual) quality reports covering most of the categories of the ESS Standard for Quality Reports.

12.2. Quality management - assessment

The quality of the data is measured by the coefficient of variation, which values are equal to zero. Moreover the standards concepts are applied according to the national and EU approach.

13. Relevance

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13.1. Relevance - User Needs

Users of inward FATS are: European Commission services, international organisations, ministries, chambers of commerce, trade unions, journalists, researchers etc. User needs go beyond what data compilers can provide.

13.2. Relevance - User Satisfaction

There was not carried users' satisfaction survey and no indicators are available

13.3. Completeness

Data availability (in percentage) see the annex:

Data availability (in percentage) see the a	Formula	Calculation	Result (%)
Level of detail			
series 1G: characteristics based on oreign-controlled enterprises (Z9), ousiness economy (BUS)	S delivered characteristics / S requested characteristics x100		
b) series 1G: activities based on foreign-controlled enterprises (Z9), number of enterprises (11110)	S delivered activities / S requested activities x100		
c) series 1G: partners based on business economy (BUS), number of enterprises (11110)	S delivered partners / S requested partners x100		
d) series 1G2: partners based on business economy (BUS), number of enterprises (11110)	S delivered partners / S requested partners x100		
e) series 1G: overall rate	S nb. of cells provided / S nb. of fields applicable x100		
f) series 1G2; overall rate	S nb. of cells provided / S nb. of fields applicable x100		

The following details are missing (see the annex):

The following employment variable was provided:

The following employment variable was provided:	X
number of persons employed (16110)	X
number of employees (16130)	

Please comment on the rates of available statistics calculated by Eurostat, explain the reasons why any characteristics or breakdowns required by the FATS Regulation are not available (e.g. derogations) and describe your plans for improvement in the future.

K66 it is no covered by SBS regulation requirements therefore data is not available.

14. Accuracy

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14.1. Accuracy - overall

Share of the codes (to be pre-filled by Eurosta	18):	Calculation	Result
Rate	Formula	Calculation	
a) extra-EU not allocated (Z8) in A1 (all enterprises) based on the aggregate BUS and variable turnover (12110)	SZ8/SA1 (BUS,12110)x100		
b) extra-EU not allocated (Z8) in A1 (all enterprises) based on the aggregate BUS and variable number of persons employed (16110) - or number of employees (16130) if it is delivered instead	SZ8/SA1 (BUS,16110)x100		
c) equally shared control of UCIs of more than one Member State (Z7) in A1 (all enterprises) based on the aggregate BUS and variable turnover (12110)	SZ7/SA1 (BUS,12110)×100		
d) equally shared control of UCIs of more than one Member State (Z7) in A1 (all enterprises) based on the aggregate BUS and variable number of persons employed (16110) - or number of employees (16130) if it is delivered instead	SZ7/SA1 (BUS,16110)x100		

Please comment if rate a) or b) is ≠ 0%, if it was necessary to allocate to "extra-EU not allocated" because the country of the UCI was not known and if the aggregate also covers cases other than "extra-EU not allocated".

Please comment if you also used Z7 for cases for which you could not attribute the country of the UCI (other than cases of equally shared control of UCIs of more than one Member State).

Deviations from inward FATS quality checks

For 2011 Inward FATS data were validated with the EDIT tool provided by Eurostat, all the output reports generated by the IT tool have been explained concerning the errors/warnings and for each case based on the explanation provided by NIS the errors/warnings message have been deleted and the data have been validated and published.

Is the UCI approach applied to identify the relevant statistical units?		
Х	yes	
	the UBO (Ultimate Beneficial Owner) concept is used as a proxy	
	the first foreign owner is used as a proxy	
	if any other concept is applied, please describe it briefly:	

Do you cl	neck "not-foreign-controlled enterprises" (e.g. a list obtained from business registers) to reduce potential underestimation?
Х	yes
	no no

Do you harmonise the UCI information across enterprises belonging to the same enterprise group in your country?

Х	yes
	no

For compilation of inward FATS, do you take into account the demography of the statistical units, for example births, deaths, mergers and acquisitions (M&A)?

Х	yes
	no

For compilation of inward FATS, do you monitor the (major) entries and exits of statistical units from either administrative (e.g. VAT registers) or publicly available sources (e.g. mass media or annual reports)?

Х	yes	
	no	

If administrative sources are used, please state on which date the information regarding the country of the UCI was updated by the "source administration". If this is not available, please give information about the frequency of updates of the administrative sources and whether this delays the compilation process for inward FATS. In the event of delays, do you know the share of updated cells at the time of extraction?

Please describe any other method used to improve the accuracy of the UCI information not mentioned above. If the UCI approach is not used, please describe your plans for improvement in the future.

Please estimate the share of value of each characteristics that could be identified correctly (no proxy needed) in %

11110 (number of enterprises)	12120 (turnover)	16110 (number of persons employed) or number of employees (16130) if it is delivered instead.
100 %	100 %	100 %

Did the UCIs which could not be identified belong mainly to big or to small and medium-sized enterprises?

14.2. Sampling error

We compile inward FATS data based on SBS surveys results, administrative sources and R&D survey. There are no sampling errors, FATS enterprises are covered by administrative sources and/or SBS.

14.3. Non-sampling error

Misclassification errors

If different data sources/surveys were combined (e.g. SBS for the economic characteristics and FDI for the country of the UCI), did you detect mismatches of identifiers?

	yes
Х	no

Please describe the main misclassification problems encountered in collecting the data and the methods used to process misclassifications.

16. Comparability		Тор
16.1. Comparability - geographical	3-11	
Not available		
16.2. Comparability - over time		
Please confirm the length of time series (from the period when the s latest reference year available at Eurostat) pre-filled by Eurostat and	the length of comparable time series (from the	
last break in time series to the latest reference year available at Euro		
	Period (yyyy – yyyy) 2003-2013	
Indicator	Period (yyyy – yyyy)	
Indicator a) Length of time series	Period (yyyy – yyyy) 2003-2013 2006-2013	

-		
17.	Coherence	To
7.1.	Coherence - cross domain	
Inwa	rd FATS and SBS	
Euro 4A:	stat quality checks found the following inconsistencies between inward FATS (A1) and SBS series 1A, 2A, 3B and	
Plea	se comment on these inconsistencies and any consistency problems between inward FATS and SBS, including the idential cells.	
Inwa		1
Do v	rd FATS and inward FDI	1
Do y	ou harmonise the activity code with inward FDI?	
-		
X	ou harmonise the activity code with inward FDI? yes	
X Inwa Pleas	ou harmonise the activity code with inward FDI? yes no	
Inwa Pleas unev	yes no rd FATS R&D characteristics and R&D statistics se comment on any consistency problems between inward FATS R&D characteristics and R&D statistics (only for	
X Inwa Pleas unev Data	yes no rd FATS R&D characteristics and R&D statistics se comment on any consistency problems between inward FATS R&D characteristics and R&D statistics (only for years and if R&D variables are to be provided).	
Inwa Pleas unev Data	yes no rd FATS R&D characteristics and R&D statistics se comment on any consistency problems between inward FATS R&D characteristics and R&D statistics (only for ren years and if R&D variables are to be provided). on R&D are collected through R&D survey.	
Inwa Pleas unev Data	yes no rd FATS R&D characteristics and R&D statistics se comment on any consistency problems between inward FATS R&D characteristics and R&D statistics (only for ren years and if R&D variables are to be provided). on R&D are collected through R&D survey. rd FATS and data provided to the OECD and/or other international organisations	

Please describe any differences in the level of detail of the data provided to the OECD or any other international

only to Eurostat

17.2. Coherence - internal

organisation mentioned.

Not available

18. Cost and Burden	Тор
Not available	

19. Data revision				Тор
19.1. Data revision - policy				
Please describe your revision policy.				
There is not a national revision policy but we follow the done when signifiant differencies/errors are noticed.	Eurostat recomr	nendations. Revi	sion are	
19.2. Data revision - practice				
Size of revisions				
The following table, pre-filled by Eurostat, presents the results of business economy (BUS) and Z9 (foreign-controlled enterprises):	the MAPE calculati	on, taking into acco	ount data for	
Characteristics	2010	2011	2012	
a) Number of enterprises (11110)				
b) Turnover (12110)				
c) Number of persons employed (16110) or employees (16130)				
Please comment on the indicators calculated by Eurostat if they a	re different from 0.			

20. Sta	atistical processing				То
20.1. Sou	irce data				
Methodol	logical approach				
Which of and answ	the following approaches best describes the methodology adopted to ver yellow cells where relevant)	produce inward F	FATS data? (p	elease tick ("X") in the le	eft column
	census survey, particularly for inward FATS				
	sample survey, particularly for inward FATS				
х	linking of the following sources to obtain :	geographical break	kdown	economic informa	ation
	Structural Business Statistics (SBS)			Х	
	Foreign Direct Investment (FDI)				
	Business Register	х			
	the following other statistical register: EGR	х			
	the following administrative sources: Annual Financial Statements			X	
	publicly available sources (e.g. mass media or annual reports)	×		×	
	the following private databases:				
	direct contacts (e.g. telephone or e-mail)				
x	other approaches (please describe briefly): Financial links s	survey			

economic variab	oles available from SBS are added. Ir	nformation, financial links case of non-available SBS	survey and EGR. For those enterprises data, administrative sources are used (Annual
Financial Staten No cut-off thres			
20.2. Frequency	y of data collection		
Annual			
20.3. Data colle	ection		
Not available			
20.4. Data valid	lation		
Not available			
20.5. Data com	pilation		
Economic informa	ation (characteristics and activity breakdow	vn)	
Was it necessary	to estimate characteristics or activities bed	cause the information was not a	vailable from the sources used?
	yes		
If you how did yo	u complete the information (e.g. which dat	2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
ii yes, now ala yo	a complete the information (e.g. which date	a sources were used) r	
Please estimate ti	he share of value of each characteristics di	rawing on the following sources	
	11110 (number of enterprises)	12120 (turnover)	16110 (number of persons employed) or number of employees (16130) if it is delivered instead.
SBS:		100 %	100 %
Other sources:	100 %		
Estimates:			
20.6. Adjustme	ent		
Is not the case			
21. Comm	ent		Тор

21. Comment		Top
No comment		

Related metadata	Тор

Annexes	Top
Quality Indicators calculated by Eurostat based on IFATS data transmitted for reference year 2013	